Write your name here Surname	Other	names
Pearson Edexcel International Advanced Level	Centre Number	Candidate Number
Biology		
Advanced Unit 6: Practical Bio	logy and Inves	stigative Skills
Friday 12 May 2017 – After Time: 1 hour 30 minutes	noon	Paper Reference WBI06/01
You must have: Calculator, HB pencil, ruler		Total Marks

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer all questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
 - there may be more space than you need.

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 50.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets
 use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.
- You will be assessed on your ability to organise and present information, ideas, descriptions and arguments clearly and logically, including your use of grammar, punctuation and spelling.
- Candidates may use a calculator.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Keep an eye on the time.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ▶



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	Answer ALL questions.	
1	Fibres such as flax and jute are obtained from plants.	
	These fibres can be used to make man-made materials stronger.	
	(a) Describe an experiment to compare the tensile strength of flax and jute fibres.	(5)
•••••		

(b) (i)	State two variables, other than the independent variable, that could affect this	
	experiment.	(2)
(ii)	Choose one of the variables you have identified in (i). Explain how this	
	variable could be controlled. Describe what effect it could have on the results	
	if it is not controlled.	(2)
		(-)
Variable		
How this v	ariable could be controlled	
Effect it co	uld have on the results if it is not controlled	
(c) Suc	ggest why flax and jute fibres decompose slowly.	
(c) Jug	ggest why hax and jute hores decompose slowly.	(3)
	(Total for Question 1 = 12 ma	rKS)



2 The photograph below shows Garra barrimiae, a species of fish that feeds on aquatic plants.



Magnification ×1.5

These fish live in rivers that only flow for a short time after rainfall. The fish become trapped in pools for several months in the dry season.

A student noticed that, at the end of the dry season, the fish in different pools were different sizes.

The student investigated the sizes of fish in two pools, **A** and **B**.

(a) Write a null hypothesis for this investigation.	(2)

(b) The student caught a sample of fish from each pool. The length of each fish was measured and recorded.

The results are shown below.

Pool A

51mm, 39mm, 45mm, 38mm, 35mm, 32mm, 39mm, 47mm, 40mm, 41mm, 31mm, 42mm, 43mm, 50mm, 44mm

Pool B

45mm, 54mm, 50mm, 48mm, 45mm, 44mm, 41mm, 43mm, 47mm, 37mm, 48mm, 42mm, 50mm, 42mm, 46mm

(i) Calculate the mean length of the fish for pool **A** and for pool **B**.

In the space below, draw a table to show the raw data and your calculated mean values.

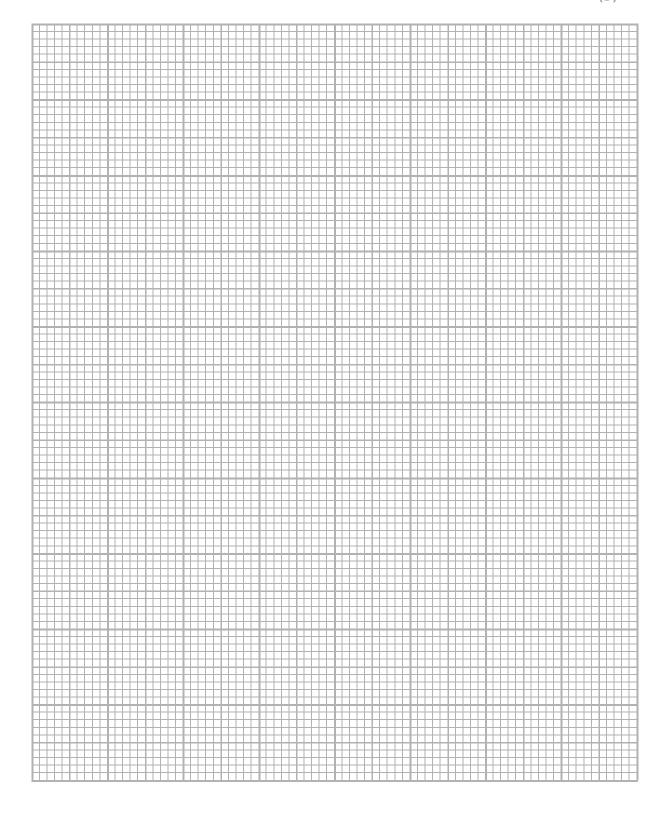
(3)



(ii) On the graph paper below, draw a suitable graph to compare the mean length of the fish from pool **A** and from pool **B**.

Indicate on your graph the variability of the data.

(3)



(c) The student carried out a *t*-test to analyse the data.

The analysis produced a value of t = 2.31

The number of degrees of freedom is calculated using the formula

degrees of freedom =
$$(n_1 - 1) + (n_2 - 1)$$

where $\boldsymbol{n}_{_{1}}$ and $\boldsymbol{n}_{_{2}}$ represent the size of each sample.

The table below can be used to find the critical value of *t* for this investigation.

Number of degrees	Significance level	
of freedom	p = 0.05	p = 0.01
14	2.15	2.98
15	2.13	2.95
16	2.12	2.92
17	2.11	2.90
18	2.10	2.88
19	2.09	2.86
20	2.09	2.85
25	2.06	2.79
28	2.05	2.76
60	2.00	2.66

What conclusions can be drawn from this investigation?

Use information	from the table	and vour graph	to help explain	vour answer.
				,

(4)

(d) Suggest how this investigation could be modifie size of the fish in the pools.	d to identify factors affecting the
size of the fish in the pools.	(4)
	(Total for Question 2 = 16 marks)

3 The photograph below shows oregano, a plant used to flavour food. Some of the chemicals produced by this plant may have antimicrobial properties.



Magnification ×1

(a) Suggest how a plant may benefit from producing a chemical with antimicrobial p	(2)
(b) Plan an investigation to determine which part of the oregano plant has the highest concentration of chemicals with antimicrobial properties.	
Your answer should give details under the following headings.	
(i) A description of appropriate preliminary work that you might carry out to ensure your proposed method would provide meaningful data.	
control of the process of the control of the contro	(3)

(ii)	 i) A detailed method, including an explanation of how important variables are to be controlled or monitored. 	
	[2 marks are available in this section for the quality of written communication.]	(10)



analysed in order to draw conclusions from y	our investigation. (4)
(iv) The limitations of your proposed method.	
	(3)
	(Total for Question 3 = 22 marks)



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