

**GCE** 

**Chemistry A** 

H032/01: Breadth in chemistry

Advanced Subsidiary GCE

Mark Scheme for Autumn 2021

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

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# 1. Annotations

Annotation	Meaning
	Correct response
X	Incorrect response
^	Omission mark
BOD	Benefit of doubt given
CON	Contradiction
RE	Rounding error
SF	Error in number of significant figures
ECF	Error carried forward
L1	Level 1
L2	Level 2
L3	Level 3
NBOD	Benefit of doubt not given
SEEN	Noted but no credit given
I	Ignore

2. Abbreviations, annotations and conventions used in the detailed Mark Scheme (to include abbreviations and subject-specific conventions).

Annotation	Meaning
DO NOT ALLOW	Answers which are not worthy of credit
IGNORE	Statements which are irrelevant
ALLOW	Answers that can be accepted
()	Words which are not essential to gain credit
_	Underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark
ECF	Error carried forward
AW	Alternative wording
ORA	Or reverse argument

# **SECTION A**

Question	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
1	С	1	AO1.2	
2	Α	1	AO2.1	
3	D	1	AO1.1	
4	С	1	AO1.2	
5	С	1	AO2.2	
6	D	1	AO2.4	
7	В	1	AO2.3	
8	С	1	AO1.2	
9	D	1	AO1.2	
10	Α	1	AO2.6	
11	Α	1	AO1.1	
12	С	1	AO1.1	
13	В	1	AO2.5	ALLOW 4
14	В	1	AO1.1	
15	D	1	AO2.1	
16	В	1	AO1.2	
17	В	1	AO1.2	
18	С	1	AO2.2	
19	В	1	AO1.1	
20	Α	1	AO2.1	
	Total	20		

# **SECTION B**

	Question			Answ	er		Marks	AO element	Guidance
21	(a)		Total numbe	r of	Sub-s	hell	2	AO1.1 ×2	
		Shell	electrons		р	d			ALLOW
		1st	2	2					(1)s <sup>2</sup>
		2nd	8	2	6				$ \begin{array}{l} (2)s^2 (2)p^6 \\ (3)s^2 (3)p^6 (3)d^{10} \end{array} $
		3rd	18	2	6	10			DO NOT ALLOW extra numbers
			s correct $\rightarrow$ 1 recorrect $\rightarrow$ 1 ma						
	(b)						1	AO1.2	
			Protons	Neutrons	Elec	trons			
		<sup>76</sup> Se	34	42	;	34			
		<sup>82</sup> Se	34	48	;	34			
		ALL 6 entries correct for mark ✓							
	(c)	FIRST CHECK ANSWER ON THE ANSWER LINE IF answer = 32.094 (to 3 DP) award 2 marks $\frac{(32 \times 94.93) + (33 \times 0.78) + (34 \times 4.29)}{100}$					2	AO1.2 ×2	
									For 1 mark: ALLOW ECF → to 2 DP if:  • %s used with wrong isotopes ONCE
		<b>OR</b> 32.09							OR
		= 32.094	(to 3 DP) ✓						transposed decimal places for ONE %

Question	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
(d) (i)	CI F	1	AO2.5	ALLOW any combination of skeletal OR structural OR displayed formula as long as unambiguous, e.g. CF <sub>3</sub> CHClBr
(ii)	FIRST, CHECK ANSWER IF answer = 7.224 × 10 <sup>22</sup> , award 2 marks $n(C_2HBrClF_3) = \frac{7.896}{197.4} \text{ OR } 0.04(00) \text{ (mol) } \checkmark$ F atoms = $3 \times 0.0400 \times 6.02 \times 10^{23}$ $= 7.224 \times 10^{22} \checkmark$ Minimum 3 SF required	2	AO2.2 ×2	Alternative approaches $n(F \text{ atoms}) = \frac{7.896}{197.4} \times 3 = 0.12 \checkmark$ $F \text{ atoms} = 0.12 \times 6.02 \times 10^{23}$ $= 7.224 \times 10^{22} \checkmark$ OR $3 \text{ mol } F \text{ atoms}$ $= 3 \times 6.02 \times 10^{23} = 1.806 \times 10^{24} \checkmark$ $F \text{ atoms} = 1.806 \times 10^{24} \times 0.04$ $= 7.224 \times 10^{22} \checkmark$ OR $Mass F \text{ in } 7.896 \text{ g}$ $= \frac{57}{197.4} \times 7.896 = 2.28 \text{ (g)} \checkmark$ $F \text{ atoms} = \frac{2.28}{19} \times 6.02 \times 10^{23}$ $= 7.224 \times 10^{22} \checkmark$ ALLOW ECF from incorrect $n(C_2HBrClF_3)$ ALLOW use of $6.022 \times 10^{23}$ $= 7.224 \times 10^{22} \checkmark$ OR $6.023 \times 10^{23}$ $OR 6.023 \times 10^{23}$ $Common error$ $2.408 \times 10^{22} \text{ OR } 2.41 \times 10^{22} \rightarrow 1 \text{ mark}$ $No \times 3$ $1.806 \times 10^{24} \rightarrow 1 \text{ mark } No \ n(C_2HBrClF_3)$
	Total	8		

Question	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
22 (a)	enthalpy $CH_4(g) + H_2O(g)$ $E_c$ $AH$ $AH$ progress of reaction	3	AO1.1 ×3	ANNOTATE ANSWER WITH TICKS AND CROSSES ETC
	ΔH and products above reactants 1 mark 3H₂(g) + CO(g) on RHS IGNORE state symbols AND ΔH labelled with product above reactant AND ΔH arrow upwards ✓			Δ <b>H label ALLOW</b> arrow even if it has a small gap at the top and bottom i.e. does not quite reach reactant or product line
	<ul> <li>E<sub>a</sub> and E<sub>c</sub> and curves         ONE curve shown with arrow labelled E<sub>a</sub> OR E<sub>c</sub> from reactants to top of curve         → 1 mark ✓         TWO curves shown with E<sub>c</sub> arrow lower than E<sub>a</sub>         AND each arrow from reactants to top of curve         → 2 marks ✓</li> </ul>			E <sub>a</sub> and E <sub>c</sub> labels ALLOW no arrowhead(s) at both ends of activation energy line  ALLOW double headed arrows BUT DO NOT ALLOW arrowhead down  E <sub>a</sub> and E <sub>c</sub> lines must point to maximum (or near to the maximum) on the curve  OR span approximately 80% of the distance between reactants and maximum regardless of position

Question	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
(b)	Pressure: Right-hand side has more (gaseous) moles OR 2 (gaseous) moles form 4 (gaseous) moles ✓ Low pressure OR decrease pressure ✓	4	AO1.2 AO2.1	FULL ANNOTATIONS MUST BE USED  ALLOW suitable alternatives for right-hand side, e.g. towards H <sub>2</sub> /products OR forward direction OR increases yield  For moles, ALLOW molecules/particles
	Temperature:  (Forward) reaction is endothermic/∆H is positive OR (Forward) reaction takes in heat ✓  High temperature OR increase temperature ✓		AO1.2 AO2.1	ORA for reverse reaction, e.g. ALLOW reverse reaction is exothermic /∆H is negative/gives out heat

Question	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
Question (c)	FIRST, CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE IF bond enthalpy = (+)432 (kJ mol <sup>-1</sup> ) award 3 marks  Energy for bonds broken (4 × C-H + 2 × O-H)  4 × 413 + 2 × 464  OR 1652 + 928  OR 2580 (kJ) ✓  H-H bond enthalpy correctly calculated  3 × H-H bond enthalpy = 2580 - 1077 - 206  = 1297 (kJ mol <sup>-1</sup> ) ✓  H-H bond enthalpy = \frac{1297}{3}  = (+)432/432.3 kJ mol <sup>-1</sup> ✓  Mark is for answer	Marks 3	AO element AO2.6 ×3	IGNORE sign   IGNORE sign
				501 → 2 marks 2580 - 1077 = 1503 ✓ Missing 206 1503/3 = 501 ✓
	Total	10		

	Question	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
23	(a)	toxic/poisonous OR forms chlorinated hydrocarbons OR forms carcinogenic compounds / toxic compounds ✓	1	AO1.1	IGNORE 'harmful'/'dangerous'  IGNORE chlorine is carcinogenic/causes cancer dangerous for health/causes breathing problems
	(b)	Element <b>oxidised</b> : Chlorine/C <i>l</i> Change from: −1 to 0 ✓  Element <b>reduced</b> : Manganese/Mn Change from +4 to +2 ✓	2	AO1.2 ×2	MAX 1 mark if no '+' sign for oxidation number  ALLOW Cl <sub>2</sub> for chlorine  ALLOW 1—  ALLOW 4+ AND 2+  ALLOW 1 mark for all oxidation numbers correct, but oxidised and reduced the wrong way around  IGNORE numbers around equation i.e. treat as rough working
	(c)	3KC <i>l</i> O <sub>4</sub> + 8A <i>l</i> → 3KC <i>l</i> + 4Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> ✓	1	AO2.6	ALLOW multiples

Question	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
(d)	Plan Mix (solution of) halogen and (solution of) halide ✓	5 max	AO3.3	IGNORE additions of halogen to same halide e.g. Chlorine to chloride.  ALLOW within text if it is clear that halogen is added to halide
	Observation with chlorine bromide → orange/yellow ✓		AO2.7	Check observations in a presented table.
	Observation with bromine iodide → violet/purple/pink ✓		AO2.7	
	Observation with iodine  No colour change/no reaction ✓		AO2.7	
	Equation $Cl_2 + 2Br^- \rightarrow Br_2 + 2Ct^-$ OR $Cl_2 + 2I^- \rightarrow I_2 + 2Ct^-$ OR			<b>ALLOW</b> multiples, e.g. $\frac{1}{2}Cl_2 + Br \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}Br_2 + Ct$
	$Br_2 + 2I^- \rightarrow I_2 + 2Br^- \checkmark$		AO2.6	
	Reactivity trend $Cl_2 > Br_2 > I_2$ /decreases down the group $\checkmark$		AO1.1	
	Total	9		

Q	uestion	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
	(a)	Answer  Curly arrows can be straight, snake-like, etc. but NOT double headed or half headed arrows  1. Curly arrow from C=C to HBr and H-Br  marks  H <sub>3</sub> C  H  DO NOT ALLOW partial charge on C=C  Curly arrow from C=C bond to H of H-Br ✓  Correct dipole shown on H-Br  AND curly arrow that breaks H-Br bond ✓  2. Curly arrow from Br= to carbocation  H <sub>3</sub> C  H  DO NOT ALLOW  DO NOT ALLOW  δ+ on C of	Marks 4	_	Guidance  1st curly arrow must  • go to the H atom of H–Br  AND  • start from, OR be traced back to any point across width of C=C  2nd curly arrow must  • start from, OR be traced back to any part of 8+H–Br8-bond  AND  • go to Br8-
		H <sub>3</sub> C H carbocation  Br  Correct carbocation AND curly arrow from			<ul> <li>go to the C+ of carbocation         AND     </li> <li>start from, OR be traced back to any point across width of lone pair on :Br</li> </ul>
		Br⁻ to C⁺ of CORRECT carbocation ✓  3. Name of mechanism 1 mark		AO2.5	• OR start from – charge of Br ion
		Electrophilic addition ✓		AO1.1	Br Br Br Br

Ques	stion	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
					(Lone pair NOT needed if curly arrow shown from – charge of Br ion)  IF Br <sub>2</sub> is used instead of HBr contact your Team Leader  DO NOT ALLOW incorrect carbocation, i.e.  CH <sub>3</sub> H Br Br
(b)	(i)	Same molecular formula AND Different structural formulae ✓	1	AO1.1	Same formula is <b>not</b> sufficient (no reference to molecular)  Different arrangement of atoms is <b>not</b> sufficient (no reference to structure/structural)  For structural formulae, <b>ALLOW</b> structure/displayed/skeletal formulae
(b)	(ii)	CH <sub>3</sub> H	1	AO2.5	ALLOW any combination of skeletal OR structural OR displayed formula as long as unambiguous

Question	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
(c) (i)	Alcohol C Reagent AND product  CH <sub>3</sub> H NaOH AND NaBr OR KOH AND KBr OR OR OR OH	2	AO2.5 ×2	ALLOW Reagent: H <sub>2</sub> O/water AND Product: HBr
(c) (ii)	Water out  Condenser  And Don't available if 1st mark has been awarded  Flask  AND heat labelled ✓  Round-bottom  //pear-shaped)  flask	2	AO3.3 ×2	For condenser label, ALLOW 'condenser' OR water in AND water out (May be implied by connection to tap and sink).
	Total	10		

	Question		Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
25	(a)	(i)	Moles Sc OR moles O $n(Sc) = \frac{0.27}{45} = 6 \times 10^{-3} \text{ (mol)}$ OR $n(O) = \frac{0.144}{16.0} = 9 \times 10^{-3} \text{ (mol)} \checkmark$ Empirical formula $Sc_2O_3 \checkmark$	2	AO2.8 ×2	NO ECF
	(a)	(ii)	Heat to constant mass ✓	1	AO3.4	ALLOW response that implies heating to constant mass, e.g. Heat again until mass does not change  IGNORE 'heat for longer' No link to constant mass
	(b)		Rearranging ideal gas equation $n = \frac{pV}{RT} \checkmark$ Unit conversion AND substitution into $n = \frac{pV}{RT}$ :  • $R = 8.314$ OR $8.31$ • $V = 9.39 \times 10^{-3}$ m <sup>3</sup> • $T$ in $K$ : 293 K  e.g. $n = \frac{1.37 \times 10^7 \times 9.39 \times 10^{-3}}{8.314 \times 293} \checkmark$ Calculation of $n$ $n = 52.80906994 \text{ (mol)} \checkmark$ Calculation of $M$ $M = \frac{1.69 \times 10^3}{52.80906994} = 32.00207847 \checkmark$	5	AO1.2 AO2.4 ×3	ALLOW ECF throughout  IF $n = \frac{pV}{RT}$ is omitted, ALLOW when values are substituted into rearranged ideal gas equation.  ALLOW ECF from incorrectly rearranged ideal gas equation, e.g. $n = \frac{RT}{pV} \rightarrow 0.0189361411$ $M \rightarrow 89247$ (Likely to be 3/5 max)  ALLOW use of 8.31 for $R$ , which gives: $n = 52.83448947$ $M = 31.98668175$ ALLOW 3 SF or more, e.g. 52.8  Using 52.8, $M = 32.00757576$
			ALLOW 2 SF or more  Gas  O₂ OR oxygen ✓		AO3.2	ALLOW ECF for a 'reasonable gas' that matches calculated molar mass

Question	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
26	Mass spectrum: $M = 88 \checkmark$ IR: Peak at 1630-1820 (cm <sup>-1</sup> ) is C=O $\checkmark$	5	AO3.1 ×3	ALLOW stated values within stated ranges
	Peak at 1030-1020 (cm <sup>-1</sup> ) is C–O V  Peak at 2500–3500 (cm <sup>-1</sup> ) is O–H  AND carboxylic acid ✓  Structures			ALLOW facid O-H  IGNORE references to C-O peaks
	H—————————————————————————————————————		AO3.2 ×2	ALLOW any combination of skeletal OR structural OR displayed formula as long as unambiguous
	Total	13		

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