## Functions

## Question Paper

| Level | Pre U |
| :--- | :--- |
| Subject | Maths |
| Exam Board | Cambridge International Examinations |
| Topic | Functions |
| Booklet | Question Paper |


| Time Allowed: | 40 minutes |
| :--- | :---: |
| Score: | $/ 33$ |
| Percentage: | $/ 100$ |

Grade Boundaries:

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1 Let $\mathrm{f}(x)=x^{2}$ and $\mathrm{g}(x)=7 x-2$ for all real values of $x$.
(i) Give a reason why f has no inverse function.
(ii) Write down an expression for $\operatorname{gf}(x)$.
(iii) Find $\mathrm{g}^{-1}(x)$.
(iv) Explain the relationship between the graph of $y=\mathrm{g}(x)$ and $y=\mathrm{g}^{-1}(x)$.

2 Let $\mathrm{f}(x)=x^{2}$ and $\mathrm{g}(x)=7 x-2$ for all real values of $x$.
(i) Give a reason why f has no inverse function.
(ii) Write down an expression for $\mathrm{gf}(x)$.
(iii) Find $\mathrm{g}^{-1}(x)$.

3 The function f is defined by f: $t \mapsto 2 \sin t+\cos 2 t$ for $0 \leqslant t<2 \pi$.
(i) Show that $\frac{\mathrm{df}}{\mathrm{d} t}=2 \cos t(1-2 \sin t)$.
(ii) Determine the range of f .

A curve $C$ is given parametrically by $x=2 \cos t+\sin 2 t, y=\mathrm{f}(t)$ for $0 \leqslant t<2 \pi$.
(iii) Show that $x^{2}+y^{2}=5+4 \sin 3 t$.
(iv) Deduce that $C$ lies between two circles centred at the origin, and touches both.
(v) Find the gradient of the tangent to $C$ at the point at which $t=0$.

4 Let $\mathrm{f}(x)=x^{2}(x-2)$ and $\mathrm{g}(x)=2 x-1$ for all real $x$.
(i) Sketch the graph of $y=\mathrm{f}(x)$ and explain briefly why the function f has no inverse.
(ii) Write down $\mathrm{g}^{-1}(x)$.
(iii) On the same diagram, sketch the graphs of $y=\mathrm{f}(x-1)-3$ and $y=\mathrm{g}^{-1}(x)$ and state the number of real roots of the equation $\mathrm{f}(x-1)-3=\mathrm{g}^{-1}(x)$.

