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## **Chemical Control in Mammals**

#### **Question Paper**

Level	A Level
Subject	Biology
Exam Board	Edexcel
Topic	Control Systems
Sub Topic	Chemical Control in Mammals
Booklet	Question Paper

Time Allowed: 32 minutes

Score: /26

Percentage: /100

#### **Grade Boundaries:**

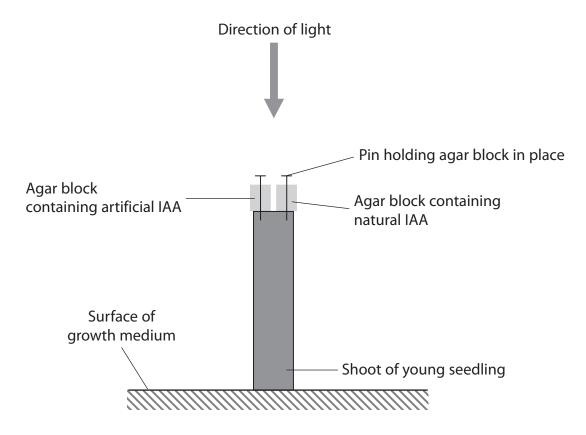
A*	Α	В	С	D	E	U
>85%	'77.5%	70%	62.5%	57.5%	45%	<45%

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1	In an investigation into dieting and obesity, mice were fed a restricted quantity of food. It has been found that the stress of having less food causes the release of the hormone noradrenaline. This causes the mice to hunt for food. These food-restricted mice will tolerate electric shocks in order to eat.	
	(a) Suggest why this investigation might be regarded as unacceptable.	(2)
	(b) Noradrenaline acts by increasing blood flow to the muscles.	
	(i) Suggest how this increase in blood flow is brought about.	(2)
	(ii) Suggest why this increase in blood flow would be of advantage to the food-restricted mice.	(2)
	(Total for Question 1 – 6	marks)

- **2** IAA (auxin) is a plant growth substance.
  - (a) A student investigated the effect of natural IAA and artificial IAA on shoot growth.

The diagram below shows how she set up her investigation.



(i) The student also set up a control.

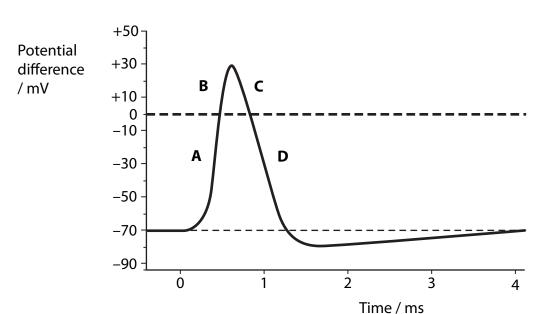
Describe a suitable control for this investigation.


(1)

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(	(ii)	After 48 hours, the student recorded her observations of the growth of the shoots.  From her observations, she concluded that both natural and artificial IAA affected growth. She also concluded that the artificial IAA had a greater effect than the natural IAA.	
		Suggest what she recorded and explain how the IAA in the agar affected the	
		growth of the shoot.	(5)
(h)	ΔΔ	A is known to bind to transcription factors.	
	Suç	ggest how IAA can stimulate cells to synthesise proteins.	(4)
		(Total for Question 2 = 10 mar	ks)

**3** The diagram below shows changes in potential difference across the membrane of a neurone during an action potential.



(a) Describe the events that begin the depolarisation of the membrane of a neurone.	
	(2)

(b) Complete the table below to show which ions are able to move across the membrane at positions **A** and **D** shown in the diagram.

Put a cross  $\boxtimes$  in the box if the membrane is permeable to the ion.

(2)

Position on diagram	Permeable to sodium ions	Permeable to potassium ions
A	$\boxtimes$	
D	$\boxtimes$	$\boxtimes$

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(c) Give an explanation for the movement of ions at position ${\bf C}$ on the diagram.	(3)
(d) Explain how the potential difference across the membrane is returned to the resting level in the time between 1.5 ms and 4.0 ms on the diagram.	(3)
(Total for Question 3 = 10 i	